A3.	This question is about nuclear reactions.					
	(a)	State the meaning of the terms				
		(i)	nuclide	[2]		
		(ii)		<i>[17</i>]		
		(ii)	isotope	[1]		
	(b)	The mag	isotope sodium-24 undergoes radioactive decay to the stable isotope nesium-24.			
		(i)	Complete the nuclear reaction equation for this decay.	[2]		
			$^{24}_{11}\mathrm{Na} \rightarrow ^{24}_{12}\mathrm{Mg}$			
		(ii)	One of the particles emitted in the decay has zero rest-mass. Use the data below to estimate the rest mass, in atomic mass units, of the other particle emitted in the decay of $^{24}_{11}$ Na.	[3]		
			rest mass of $^{24}_{11}$ Na = 23.99096 <i>u</i>			
			rest mass of ${}^{24}_{12}$ Mg = 23.98504 u			
			energy released in decay $= 5.002160 \mathrm{MeV}$			

(This question continues on the following page)



(Question	A3	continued)
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(c)	The isotope sodium-24 is radioactive but the isotope sodium-23 is stable. Suggest which of these isotopes has the greater nuclear binding energy.							